

Please contact me with questions, remarks, etc regarding this document at dimitrikoens@gmail.com. Join me on [Linked in](#) and [Facebook](#) to receive valuable information regarding PowerShell, SCOM, SQL Server and Virtualization.



Quick Start

Get-Process # displays a list of running processes
 Get-Process | Select-Object Name, Company # selects several columns
 Get-Process | Select-Object Name, Company | Format-Table -AutoSize # uses minimal column width
 Get-Process | Select-Object Name, Company | Format-List # displays a list instead of a table
 Get-Process | Sort-Object ID -descending # sorts on process id instead of name
 Get-Process | Where { \$_.vm -gt 150MB } # selects processes where virtual memory is greater than 150MB

Built-in Help functionality

Get-Help
 Get-Help Get-Process -full
 Get-Help Get-Process -examples # view the example commands
 Get-Help about* # lists all the about-articles, use the full article name to view its contents, e.g. about_scripts

Get-Command # Display all commands
 Get-Command *process* # display all commands containing the word "process"

Get-Process | Get-Member # display the properties and methods of the output

The following two examples help you to protect you from ... you! ☺
 # whatif parameter displays the command without actually executing it
 Get-Process PowerShell | Stop-Process -whatif

Get-Process PowerShell | Stop-Process -confirm # asks for confirmation

Common aliases

Command	Alias	Command	Alias	Command	Alias
Clear-Host	cls, clear	Get-Member	Gm	Remove-Item	ri, del, erase, rmdir, rd, rm
Copy-Item	copy, cpi, cp	Get-Process	gps, ps	Rename-Item	rni, ren
ForEach-Object	foreach, %	Get-Service	Gsv	Select-Object	Select
Format-List	FL	Get-WmiObject	Gwmi	Set-Location	sl, cd, chdir
Format-Table	FT	Group-Object	Group	Sort-Object	Sort
Get-ChildItem	gci, dir, ls	Move-Item	mi, move, mv	Stop-Process	spps, kill
Get-Content	gc, type, cat	Out-Host	Oh	Where-Object	where, ?
Get-Help	help, man	ise (alleen v2)	Powershell_ise.exe	Write-Output	echo, write

Get-Alias | Group-Object Definition # display all possible aliases per command
 Select-String: like Findstr or Grep. No alias defined! Use: Set-Alias Grep Select-String

Operators

Operator	Meaning	Operator	Meaning
-eq, -ne	Equal, not equal: 5 -eq 5	-match, -notmatch, -cmatch	regular expression match: "Rick" -match "[DMNR]ick"
-gt, ge	greater than, greater than or equals: 6 -gt 5	-contains, -notcontains	Array contains specific value: "red", "blue" -contains "blue"
-lt, -le	less than, less than or equals: 5 -lt 6	-is, -isnot	type comparison: 15 -is [int]
-like, -notlike, -clike	pattern comparison using wildcards: "Samantha" -like "sam*"	-f	Formatting: \$a=2987654; "free space: {0:N0} bytes" -f \$a

Punctuation Marks

(expression) { code block } [item in array] "string with automatic variable expansion"
 ` backtick is the escape character, mostly found on the key combined with tilde-sign ~ 'string without automatic variable expansion'

Keyboard shortcuts

Tab: command completion	F7: display history popup	Ctrl ←, Ctrl →: jump one word left or right
Esc: clear the command line	F8: lookup last command that starts with current input. Try this: Get-Process; <enter>; Get<F8>	More: <Ctrl-C> quit, <q> quit, <space> scroll page, <enter> scroll one line
Use arrow up and down to browse previous commands	Home, End: jump to start or end of current command line	Within ISE: F5 = Run, F8 = Run Selection

Security

The .ps1 extension	Execution Policy (Set- and Get-ExecutionPolicy)	To prevent command hijacking
Associated with Notepad. When a user receives a PowerShell script through e-mail and doubleclicks it then the script just opens in notepad instead of executing (like the i-love-you virus did).	Restricted (default), AllSigned, RemoteSigned, Unrestricted (not recommended) All scripts that are not on local fixed disks, like CD's/DVD's and drive mappings to network shares, but also attachments in e-mail and chat-programs are considered remote	You can only run commands from the current location by specifying the path to the script. Example: <u>.\script.ps1</u> instead of <u>script.ps1</u> .

Working with files

Get-Process | Out-File p.txt -append
 Get-Process | Export-CSV p.csv
 Get-Process | Export-CliXML p.xml
 Import-CSV p.csv # displays using Format-List because there are more than four columns and object type is not recognized
 Import-CliXML p.xml # displays using Format-Table because object type is recognized (try to add: | Get-Member)

Variables

`$i = 1` # storing value 1 in variable `$i`
`$i++` # incrementing `$i` with 1, resulting in 2

Looping

`for ($i = 1; $i -le 10; $i++) { $i }` # displays numbers 1 through 10. See the Active Directory section for a practical example.

While loop only executes when condition is true	Do ... While loop, always executes, at least once	Do ... Until loop, always executes, at least once
<code>\$i = 1</code>	<code>\$a = 1</code>	<code>\$a = 1</code>
<code>While (\$i -le 10) { \$i; \$i++ }</code>	<code>Do {\$a; \$a++} While (\$a -lt 10)</code>	<code>Do {\$a; \$a++} Until (\$a -gt 10)</code>

Typical example of a Do ... Until loop

```
$RequiredLength = 12
Do {
    $password = read-host -prompt "Password, please"
    if ($password.length -lt $RequiredLength) { "password is too short!" }
} Until ($password.length -ge $RequiredLength)
```

WMI

```
Get-WmiObject -list
# inspecting shares through WMI
Get-WmiObject Win32_Share
$S = Get-WmiObject Win32_Share | Where { $_.Name -eq "C$" }
$S ; $S | Get-Member check name en caption
# we'll need the wmiclass type to create objects through WMI
$sc=[WMICLASS]"Win32_Share"
$sc.create("C:\", "mynewshare", 0) # creating a new share
```

automating defragmentation (please check with your SAN administrator!)
`$Cvolume = Get-WmiObject Win32_Volume | Where { $_.name -eq "C:" }`
`$df = $Cvolume.DefragAnalysis()` # can take several minutes
`$df` # inspecting the result
`If ($df.DefragRecommended) { $Cvolume.defrag($true) }`

```
Get-WmiObject Win32_OperatingSystem -computername (Get-Content servers.txt) | Format-Table __SERVER,Version,ServicePackMajorVersion,ServicePackMinorVersion
```

Active Directory

Requirements: PowerShell v2, Active Directory Module for Windows PowerShell (on a Domain Controller, also part of RSAT). Windows Server 2008 R2 Domain Controller or install ADMGs on a W2003/2008 Domain Controller. Open port TCP/9389.

```
Import-Module ActiveDirectory # imports the Active Directory module for PowerShell
Get-Command -module ActiveDirectory # displays all 76 commands in PowerShell v2
New-ADOrganizationalUnit "Employees" -Path "DC=Contoso,DC=com" # creates a new OU
Get-ADOrganizationalUnit -Filter "*" | FT Name, DistinguishedName -AutoSize
New-ADUser TestUser1 # creates a disabled user in the Users container

# The next script takes a plain text password as input and creates an enabled user account in the Employees OU
$Userpwd = ConvertTo-SecureString -AsPlainText "Pa$$w0rd" -Force # converts plaintext to secure string
New-ADUser TestUser2 -AccountPassword $Userpwd -Enabled $true -Path 'OU=Employees,DC=Contoso,DC=com'
```

`For ($i=1; $i -le 10; $i++) { New-ADUser -name Testuser$i }` # creates ten new testusers

Functions

```
Function Newest-Eventlog { Param ($log="system", $Newest=5) Get-Eventlog $log -newest $Newest }
Newest-Eventlog # try with parameters like -log application -newest 10
```

Background Jobs

```
Start-Job -ScriptBlock { Get-Process PowerShell }
Get-Job
Get-Job -Id 1 | Receive-Job # use the -Keep parameter to keep the data in memory
Start-Job { Sleep 60 } # starts a new job which just waits for 60 seconds
Wait-Job -Id 3 # wait for a job to complete, or use: Stop-Job -Id 3 # stops job
Remove-Job -Id 3 # remove a completed job
```

Error handling and Debugging

```
$ErrorActionPreference # displays the default action when an error occurs
Dir c:, x:, c: # should result in a file listing of the c-drive, followed by an error, followed by a listing of the c-drive
$ErrorActionPreference = 'Continue' # or 'SilentlyContinue' or 'Inquire' or 'Stop'
# Use the -ErrorAction parameter to use a other error action for the current command only
$Error[0] | Get-Member
```

More information on Internet (and the previous page...)

<http://blogs.msdn.com/b/powershell/>
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/scriptcenter/dd742419.aspx>
<http://poshoholic.com/>
<http://thepowershellguy.com/>
<http://www.powershellmagazine.com/>

Remoting

Requirements: PowerShell v2 on local and remote systems. Run `Enable-PSRemoting` on remote system. Open port TCP/5985.
`Enter-PSSession -ComputerName Server2`
<use your PowerShell skills now on the remote machine>
`Exit-PSSession`

<http://www.computerperformance.co.uk/powershell/>
<http://powerwf.com/products.aspx>
<http://social.technet.microsoft.com/wiki/contents/articles/windows-powershell-survival-guide.aspx>